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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
09/714,320	11/15/2000	Matias Duarte	04676.P004X	6475
7590	10/06/2003		EXAMINER	
Thomas C Webster Blakely Sokoloff Taylor & Zafman LLP 12400 Wilshire Boulevard Seventh Floor Los Angeles, CA 90025-1026			KUMAR, SRILAKSHMI K	
			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			2675	
			DATE MAILED: 10/06/2003	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.  
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<b>Office Action Summary</b>	Application No.	Applicant(s)
	09/714,320	DUARTE ET AL.
	Examiner Srilakshmi K. Kumar	Art Unit 2675

-- The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address --

#### Period for Reply

A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION.

- Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.
- If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) days will be considered timely.
- If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.
- Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).
- Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).

#### Status

- 1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 05 September 2003.
- 2a) This action is FINAL.                  2b) This action is non-final.
- 3) Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under *Ex parte Quayle*, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.

#### Disposition of Claims

- 4) Claim(s) 1-8 and 16-32 is/are pending in the application.
- 4a) Of the above claim(s) \_\_\_\_\_ is/are withdrawn from consideration.
- 5) Claim(s) \_\_\_\_\_ is/are allowed.
- 6) Claim(s) 1-4,6-8,16-18,20,21,26-28 and 30-32 is/are rejected.
- 7) Claim(s) 5,19,22-25 and 29 is/are objected to.
- 8) Claim(s) \_\_\_\_\_ are subject to restriction and/or election requirement.

#### Application Papers

- 9) The specification is objected to by the Examiner.
- 10) The drawing(s) filed on \_\_\_\_\_ is/are: a) accepted or b) objected to by the Examiner.  
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).
- 11) The proposed drawing correction filed on \_\_\_\_\_ is: a) approved b) disapproved by the Examiner.  
If approved, corrected drawings are required in reply to this Office action.
- 12) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner.

#### Priority under 35 U.S.C. §§ 119 and 120

- 13) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).
- a) All b) Some \* c) None of:
1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.
2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No. \_\_\_\_\_.
3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).
- \* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.
- 14) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for domestic priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(e) (to a provisional application).
- a)  The translation of the foreign language provisional application has been received.
- 15) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for domestic priority under 35 U.S.C. §§ 120 and/or 121.

#### Attachment(s)

- |  |   |
|--|---|
| 1) <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)                  | 4) <input type="checkbox"/> Interview Summary (PTO-413) Paper No(s). _____  |
| 2) <input type="checkbox"/> Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)         | 5) <input type="checkbox"/> Notice of Informal Patent Application (PTO-152) |
| 3) <input type="checkbox"/> Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449) Paper No(s) _____ | 6) <input type="checkbox"/> Other: _____                                    |

## DETAILED ACTION

### *Response to Amendment*

The following office action is in response to Amendment D, filed September 5, 2003. Claims 1, 16 and 26 have been amended. Claims 1-8, 16-32 are pending.

### *Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102*

1. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless –

(b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.

2. Claims 16-18 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Miyagawa et al (US 5,268,817).

As to independent claim 16, Miyagawa et al disclose an apparatus comprising, a data processing device (Figs. 7a-7d, 12, 13 and 15), and further comprising, a display having a display area defining a plane (Figs. 7c-dc and 12), wherein a display rotatably coupled to said data processing device and configured to pivot around a pivot point within said plane from a first position to a second position (Fig. 12), wherein images displayed on said display are viewable in both said first position and said second (Figs. 7c-d).

As to dependent claim 17, limitations of claim 16, and further comprising, wherein both said first and second groups of control elements are exposed when said display is in said second position, and wherein only said second group of control elements are exposed when said display is in said first position (Fig. 7b, items 27, and Fig. 12, item 43), wherein said display is viewable

in both said first position and said second position (col. 2, lines 2-68, col. 6, lines 12-55, and col. 10, lines 5-57).

As to dependent claim 18, limitations of claim 17, and further comprising, wherein said data processing device comprises a second group of control elements not covered by said display when said display is in a first position (Fig. 16, item 51 & pen, and col. 11, lines 22-26).

***Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103***

3. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negated by the manner in which the invention was made.

4. Claims 1-4, 6, 26-28 and 30 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Miyagawa et al (US 5,268,817) in view of McCleary et al (US 6,622,031).

As to independent claims 1 and 26, Miyagawa et al disclose an apparatus comprising, a data processing device (Figs. 7a-7c, 12, 13 and 15), a first group of control elements (Fig. 7b, item 27, Fig. 12, item 43) and a second group of control elements (Fig. 1b, item 51 & pen) integrated directly on said data processing device; Miyagawa et al do not disclose wherein the first and second group of control elements are integrated directly on the data processing device. McCleary et al disclose in Fig. 2, items 75 and 80, and in col. 4, line 46-col. 5, line 8, a pen input stylus and programmable buttons integrated directly on the data processing device. It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art to incorporate the features of McCleary et al with that of Miyagawa et al as they both disclose data processing devices including different sets

of control elements. McCleary et al system is advantageous as it discloses a portable, handheld data processing device with multiple forms of input and is wireless.

a display comprising a display area (Figs. 5, 8 and 10) for rendering images generated by said data processing device (col. 5, lines 16-25), said display coupled to said data processing device at a pivot point and rotatable around said pivot point from a first position to a second position (Figs. 7a-d), wherein both said first and second groups of control elements are exposed when said display is in said second position, and wherein only said second group of control elements are exposed when said display is in said first position (Fig. 7b, items 27, and Fig. 12, item 43), wherein said display is viewable in both said first position and said second position (col. 2, lines 2-68, col. 6, lines 12-55, and col. 10, lines 5-57).

As to dependent claim 2, limitations of claim 1, and further comprising, wherein said data processing device comprises a first group of control elements covered by said display when said display is in a first position (Fig. 7b, items 27, and Fig. 12, item 43).

As to dependent claims 3 and 28, limitations of claims 2 and 26, and further comprising wherein said first group of control elements comprise a keyboard (Fig. 7b, items 27, and Fig. 12, item 43).

As to dependent claim 4, limitations of claim 2, and further comprising, wherein said data processing device comprises a second group of control elements not covered by said display when said display is in a first position (Fig. 16, item 51 & pen, and col. 11, lines 22-26).

As to dependent claim 6 and 30, limitations of claims 1 and 26, see claim 16, above.

As to dependent claim 27, limitations of claim 26, and further comprising, wherein said display is rotatably coupled to said data processing device and configured to rotate within a plane

substantially perpendicular to said display's axis of rotation between said first position and said second position (Figs. 7a-d and 12).

5. Claims 20 and 21 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Miyagawa et al (US 5,268,817) as applied to claim 16, above, and further in view of Haneda et al. (US 5,900,848).

As to dependent claim 20, limitations of claim 16, and further comprising, a switch configured to trigger when said display is rotated from second to close. Miyagawa et al do not teach a switch to trigger. Haneda et al in col. 6, line 44-col. 7, line 12, teach a switch which is triggered depending on the state of the lid body. It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art that the feature of Haneda et al could have easily been incorporated into that of Miyagawa et al both systems disclose an apparatus for data processing with rotatable display devices. The switch feature is advantageous as it enables the processor to distinguish the direction of the display of the rotatable display device.

As to dependent claim 21, limitations of claim 20, and further comprising wherein the image inversion logic to invert images on said display response to said switch triggering. Miyagawa et al do not teach where the images are inverted in response to switch triggering. Haneda et al disclose in col. 6, line 44-col. 7, line 12 where the images are inverted depending upon the switching state. It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art that the feature of Haneda et al could have easily been incorporated into that of Miyagawa et al both systems disclose an apparatus for data processing with rotatable display devices. The switch feature is advantageous as it enables the processor to distinguish the direction of the display of the rotatable display device.

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6. Claims 7, 8, 31 and 32 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Miyagawa et al and McCleary et al as applied to claims 1 and 26 above, and further in view of Haneda et al (US 5,900,848).

As to dependent claim 7, limitations of claim 1, and further comprising, a switch configured to trigger when said display is rotated from second to close. Miyagawa et al do not teach a switch to trigger. Haneda et al in col. 6, line 44-col. 7, line 12, teach a switch which is triggered depending on the state of the lid body. It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art that the feature of Haneda et al could have easily been incorporated into that of Miyagawa et al both systems disclose an apparatus for data processing with rotatable display devices. The switch feature is advantageous as it enables the processor to distinguish the direction of the display of the rotatable display device.

As to dependent claims 8 and 31, limitations of claims 7 and 26, and further comprising wherein the image inversion logic to invert images on said display response to said switch triggering. Miyagawa et al do not teach where the images are inverted in response to switch triggering. Haneda et al disclose in col. 6, line 44-col. 7, line 12 where the images are inverted depending upon the switching state. It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art that the feature of Haneda et al could have easily been incorporated into that of Miyagawa et al both systems disclose an apparatus for data processing with rotatable display devices. The switch feature is advantageous as it enables the processor to distinguish the direction of the display of the rotatable display device.

As to dependent claim 32, see claims 7 and 8, above.

***Allowable Subject Matter***

7. Claims 5, 19, 22-25 and 29 are objected to as being dependent upon a rejected base claim, but would be allowable if rewritten in independent form including all of the limitations of the base claim and any intervening claims.

As to claims 5, 19 and 29, the prior art of record fail to disclose where a second group of control elements comprise a control knob and a set of control buttons. The prior art of record discloses a pen input stylus and a touch panel.

Claims 22-25 are objected to as they depend upon a rejected base claim.

***Response to Arguments***

8. Applicant's arguments with respect to claims 1-4, 6-8, 26-28 and 30-32 have been considered but are moot in view of the new ground(s) of rejection.

9. Applicant's arguments filed September 5, 2003 have been fully considered but they are not persuasive.

With respect claims 16-18, 20 and 21, and to applicant's arguments on page 9, lines 11-16, applicant argues where the motion of the display from the first position to the second position occurs within a plane defined by the area of the display. The limitations of independent claim 16, state, "a display having a display area defining a plane, the display, rotatably coupled to said data processing device and configured to pivot around a pivot point within said plane from a first position to a second position. Miyagawa et al disclose where the display (Figs. 7a-d, item 25) is rotatably coupled to the data processing device (Figs. 7a-d, item 29) as is shown in Figs. 7a-d, where the data processing device clearly pivots from one position to another. Thus, Miyagawa et al shows all the limitations of independent claim 16.

***Conclusion***

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to **Srilakshmi K. Kumar** whose telephone number is **(703) 306 5575**.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Steven Saras, can be reached at (703) 305-9720.

**Any response to this action should be mailed to:**

Commissioner of Patents and Trademarks  
Washington, D.C. 20231

**or faxed to:**

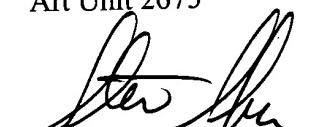
**(703) 872-9314 (for Technology Center 2600 only)**

Hand-delivered responses should be brought to Crystal Park II, 2121 Crystal Drive, Arlington, VA, Sixth Floor (Receptionist).

Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application or proceeding should be directed to the Technology Center 2600 Customer Service Office whose telephone number is 703 305 47000377.

Srilakshmi K. Kumar  
Examiner  
Art Unit 2675

SKK  
September 27, 2003



STEVEN SARAS  
SUPERVISORY PATENT EXAMINER  
TECHNOLOGY CENTER 2600